

## **ABSTRAK**

Wilayah Kota Pontianak khususnya pada daerah lokasi kali ini merupakan sebuah daerah yang memiliki kawasan perkantoran dan kawasan pendidikan. Perubahan tata guna lahan karena pembangunan yang semakin pesat itu terjadi di kawasan Universitas Tanjungpura Pontianak, namun tidak dengan drainasenya. Kualitas manajemen suatu kawasan dapat dilihat dari kualitas drainase yang ada. Masalah yang terjadi di kawasan universitas tanjungpura meliputi aliran drainase yang terputus dan aliran pembuangan drainase kawasan Universitas Tanjungpura Pontianak yang masih menyebar. Metode perhitungan banjir rencana studi kasus drainase menggunakan Metode Rasional dengan kala ulang 2 tahun. Pengumpulan data dilakukan dengan observasi, melakukan pengukuran dan inventarisasi saluran secara langsung pada objek penelitian. Dilihat dari kondisi eksisting di lapangan bahwa perlu adanya evaluasi drainase, evaluasi kapasitas saluran dilakukan untuk mengkaji kemampuan saluran drainase terhadap debit rencana. Serta evaluasi aliran drainase di area ini. Dari hasil kapasitas drainase di kawasan Universitas Tanjungpura Pontianak kapasitasnya terbilang masih layak, hanya saja perlu adanya evaluasi lebih mendalam terkait aliran pembuangan drainase di kawasan Universitas Tanjungpura Pontianak

Kata kunci: drainase, kondisi existing, sistem aliran.

## **ABSTRACT**

*The Pontianak City area, especially in the location area this time, is an area that has an office area and an educational area. Changes in land use due to the increasingly rapid development occurred in the Tanjungpura University area of Pontianak, but not with the drainage. The quality of management of an area can be seen from the quality of the existing drainage. Problems that occur in the Tanjungpura University area include the interrupted drainage flow and the still spreading drainage flow in the Tanjungpura University area, Pontianak. The flood calculation method for the drainage case study plan uses the Rational Method with a return period of 2 years. Data collection is done by observing, measuring and inventorying channels directly on the research object. Judging from the existing conditions in the field, it is necessary to evaluate the drainage, the evaluation of the channel capacity is carried out to assess the ability of the drainage channel to the design discharge. As well as evaluation of drainage flow in this area. From the results of the drainage capacity in the Pontianak Tanjungpura University area, the capacity is still fairly decent, it's just that there needs to be a more in-depth evaluation of the drainage flow in the Tanjungpura University area, Pontianak*

**Keywords :** *drainage,existing condition, flow system*